



Royal College of
General Practitioners

RSC Communicable and Respiratory Disease Report for England

Key Statistics:

Week Number/Year.....24/2018
Week Starting - Ending.....11/06/2018 - 17/06/2018
No. of Practices.....160
Population.....1670675

National (England)

- **Allergic Rhinitis** : increased from **76.7** in week 23 to **86.2** in week 24.
- **Asthma** : was unchanged at **12.3** in week 23 compared with **12.2** in week 24.
- **Common Cold** : decreased from **46.8** in week 23 to **39.7** in week 24.
- **Infectious Intestinal Diseases (IID)** : decreased from **9.3** in week 23 to **8.8** in week 24.
- **Respiratory System Diseases** : was unchanged at **265.0** in week 23 compared with **257.8** in week 24.

Regional (North, South, London and Midlands and East)

- **Allergic Rhinitis** : was unchanged at **103.6** in week 23 compared with **105.1** in week 24 in the London region, was unchanged at **67.4** in week 23 compared with **68.1** in week 24 in the North region, increased from **67.6** in week 23 to **91.1** in week 24 in the South region, and increased from **76.7** in week 23 to **81.3** in week 24 in the Midlands And East region.
- **Asthma** : decreased from **11.0** in week 23 to **10.2** in week 24 in the London region, decreased from **15.0** in week 23 to **13.5** in week 24 in the North region, increased from **10.8** in week 23 to **12.3** in week 24 in the South region, and decreased a little from **12.5** in week 23 to **12.1** in week 24 in the Midlands And East region.
- **Common Cold** : decreased from **67.1** in week 23 to **56.6** in week 24 in the London region, decreased from **41.2** in week 23 to **36.1** in week 24 in the North region, decreased from **38.3** in week 23 to **34.0** in week 24 in the South region, and decreased from **48.3** in week 23 to **33.5** in week 24 in the Midlands And East region.
- **Infectious Intestinal Diseases (IID)** : increased from **8.1** in week 23 to **10.2** in week 24 in the London region, increased from **8.7** in week 23 to **9.7** in week 24 in the North region, decreased from **11.0** in week 23 to **8.5** in week 24 in the South region, and decreased from **8.4** in week 23 to **5.4** in week 24 in the Midlands And East region.
- **Respiratory System Diseases** : decreased a little from **296.3** in week 23 to **285.0** in week 24 in the London region, decreased from **263.9** in week 23 to **248.5** in week 24 in the North region, increased a little from **240.6** in week 23 to **250.3** in week 24 in the South region, and decreased from **280.3** in week 23 to **250.7** in week 24 in the Midlands And East region.

Comment:

Presentations of many respiratory and other conditions have decreased this week and are in line with those anticipated at this time of year. Allergic rhinitis/hay fever has peaked / is close to peaking this week.

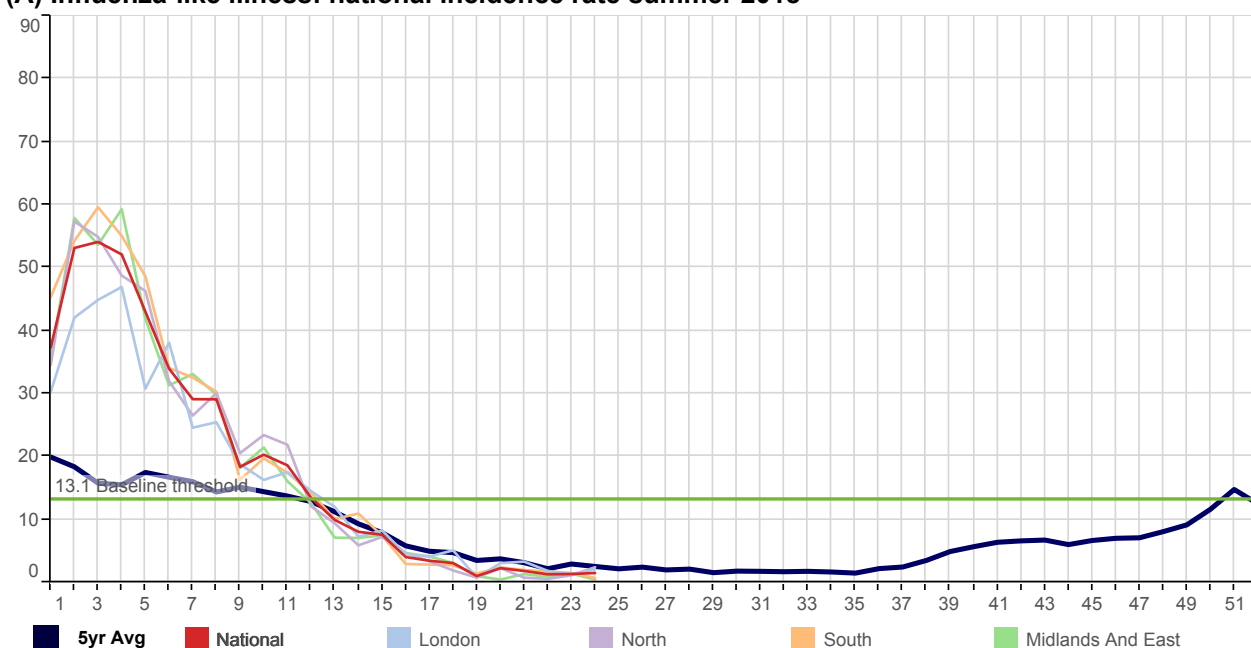
Spring/Summer Focus 2018

Please see page 13 for explanatory notes on the data.

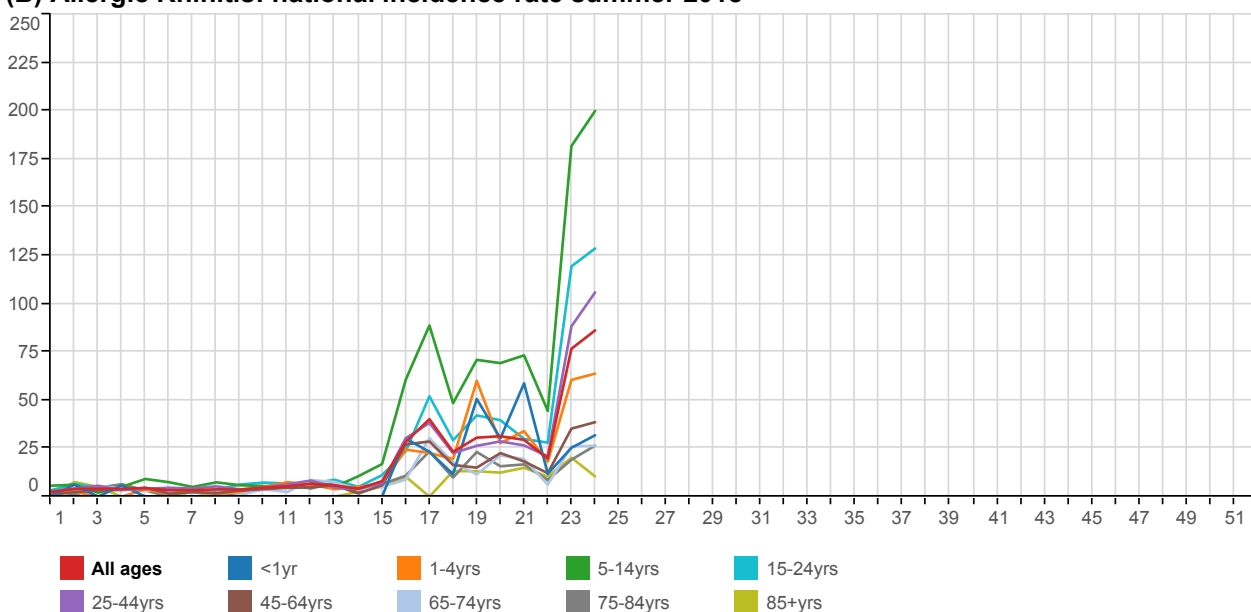
Weekly influenza-like illness and bronchitis incidence rates per 100,000 persons

Influenza-like illness		Acute Bronchitis		Influenza-like illness		Acute Bronchitis	
<1yr	0.0		89.1	London	2.1		28.9
1-4yrs	0.0		51.8	North	2.4		43.5
5-14yrs	0.5		15.7	South	0.7		35.8
15-24yrs	1.4		10.1	Midlands And East	0.4		35.8
25-44yrs	2.9		17.5	National	1.5		36.5
45-64yrs	1.4		31.4				
65-74yrs	0.0		62.4				
75-84yrs	1.1		131.2				
85+yrs	0.0		197.2				
All ages	1.5		36.5				

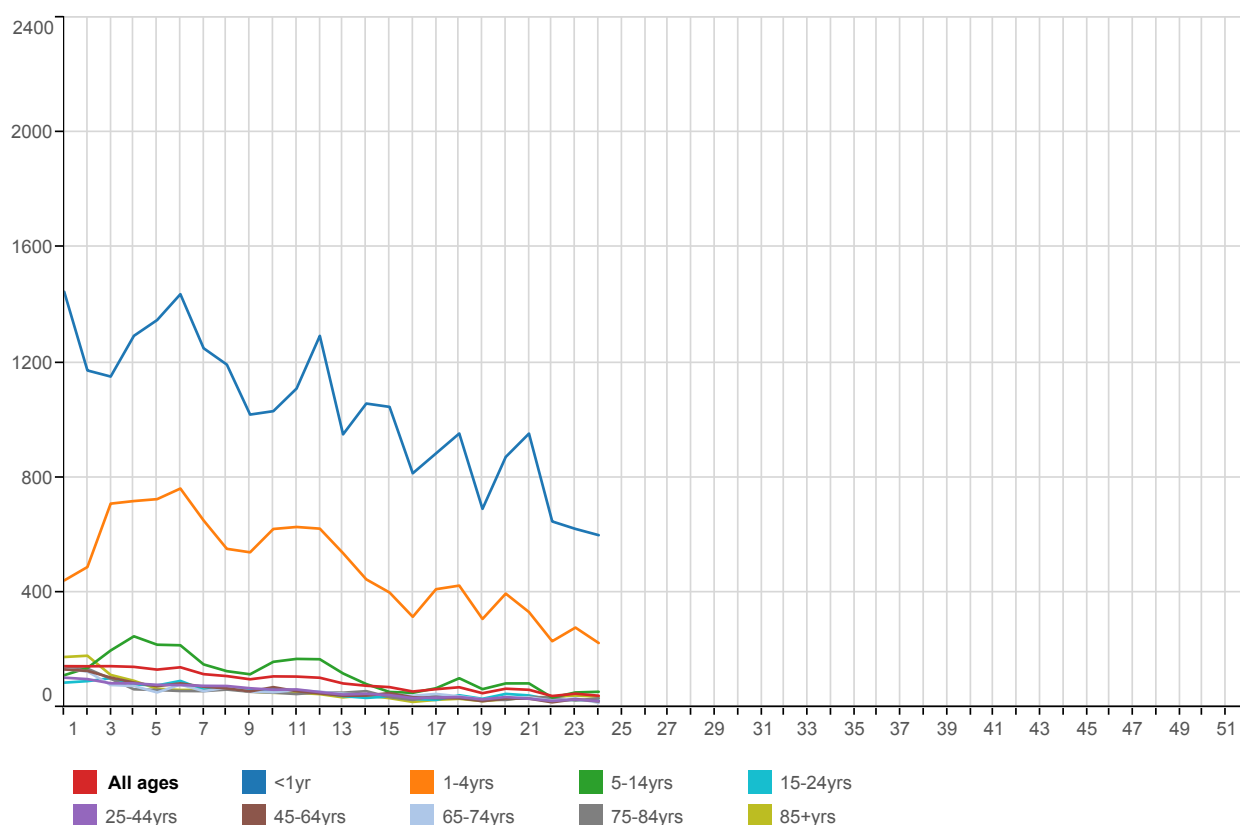
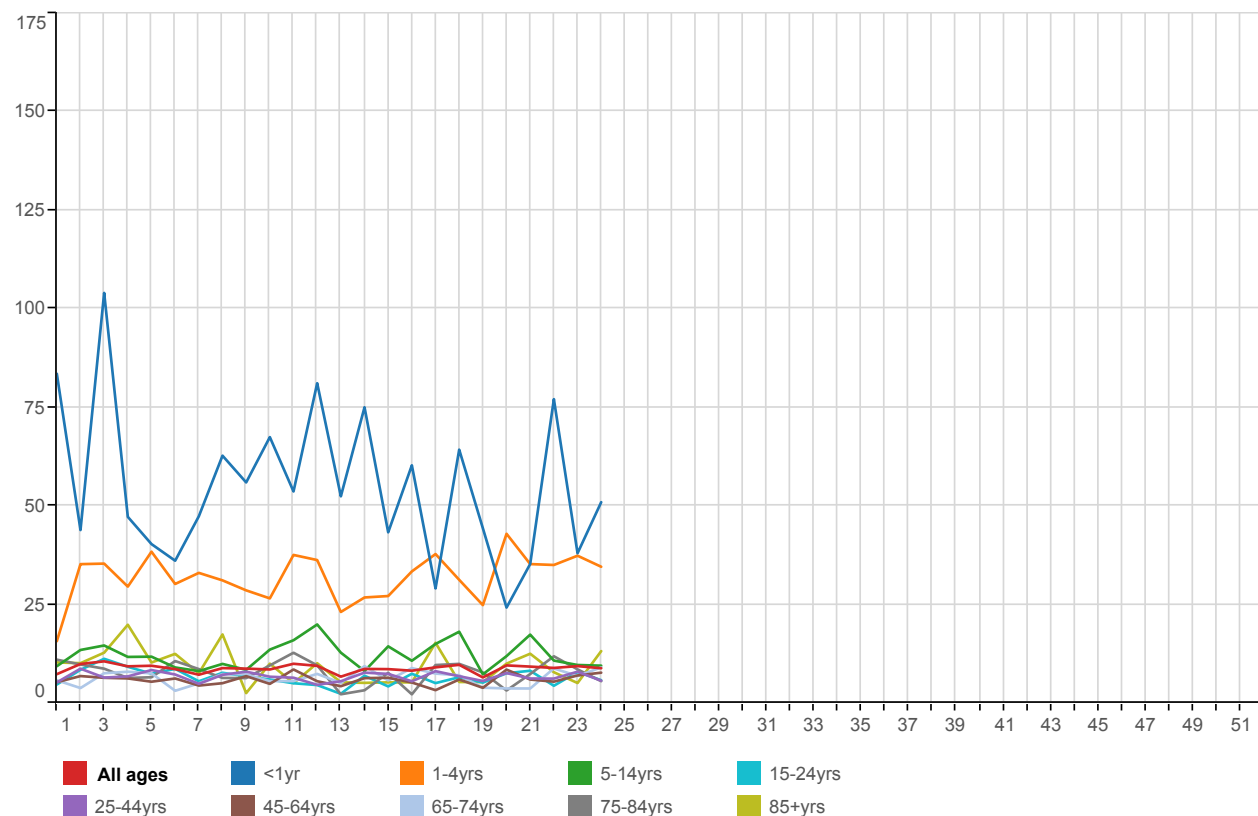
(A) Influenza-like illness: national incidence rate summer 2018*



(B) Allergic Rhinitis: national incidence rate summer 2018*



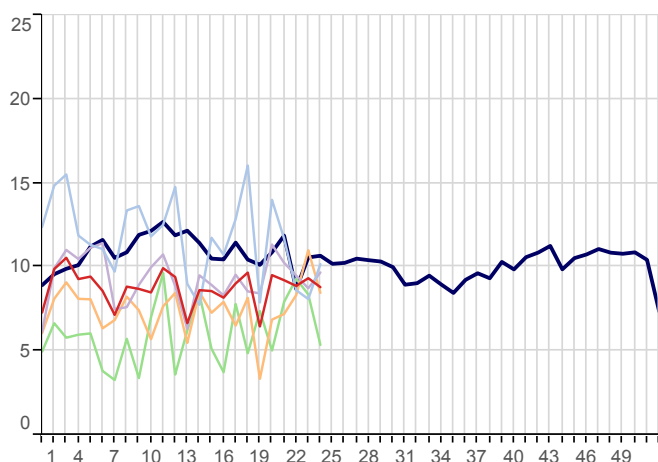
* The thresholds used are the agreed RCGP/ Public Health England levels for 2017/18. The rolling average line (blue) is based on 5 year historic RCGP RSC level.

(C) Common Cold & URTI NOS : national incidence rate 2018 by age group***(D) Infectious Intestinal Diseases : national incidence rate 2018 by age group***

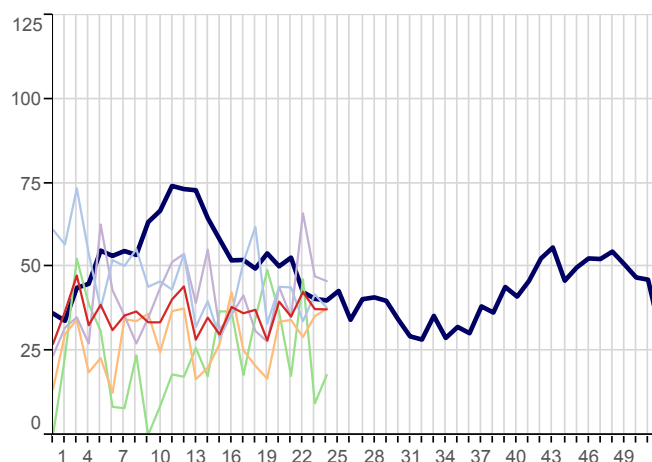
1. Water & Food Borne Disorders:

5yr Avg National London North South Midlands And East

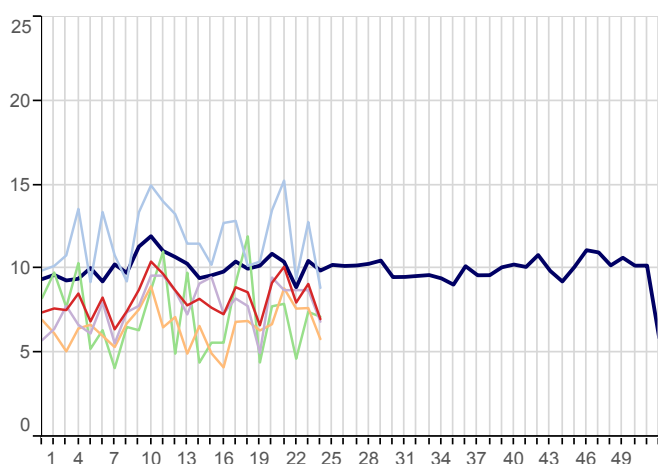
Infectious Intestinal Disease (ICD10: A00-A09)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 **all ages**) by regions
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



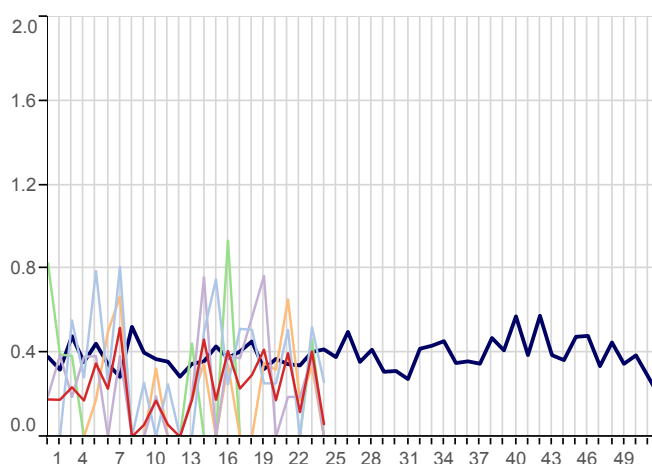
Infectious Intestinal Disease (ICD10: A00-A09)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 **0-4 years**) by regions
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



Non-Infective Enteritis & Colitis (ICD10: K50-K52)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 **all ages**) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



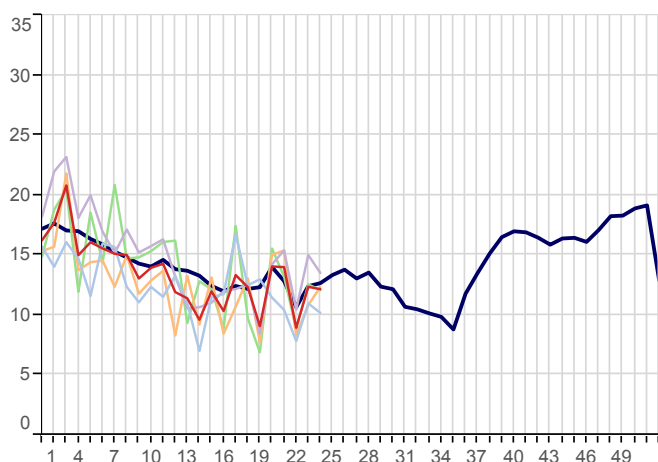
Viral Hepatitis (ICD10: B15-B19)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 **all ages**) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



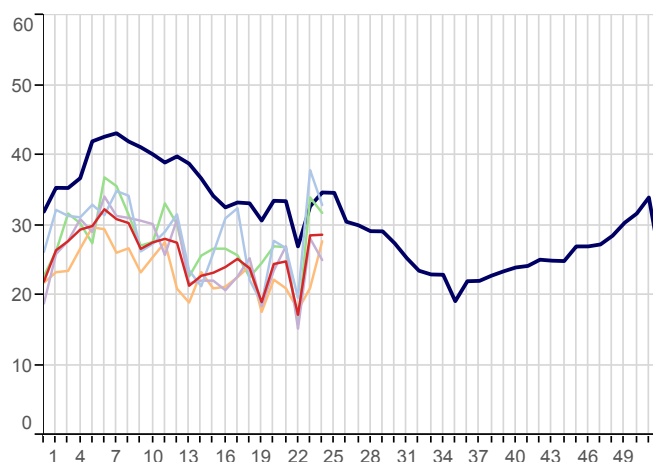
2. Environmentally Sensitive Disorders:

5yr Avg National London North South Midlands And East

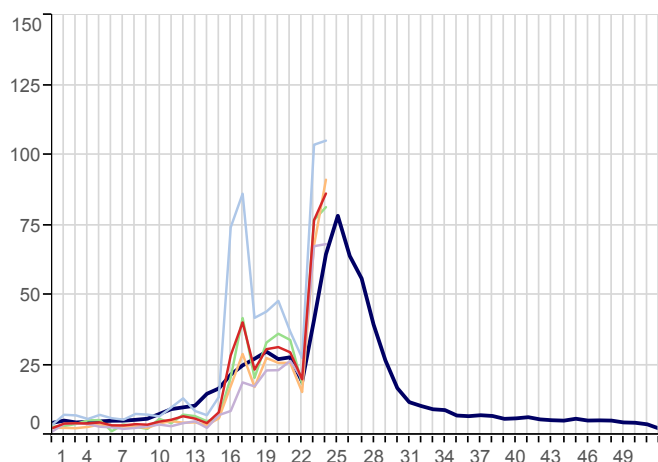
Asthma (ICD10: J45-J46)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



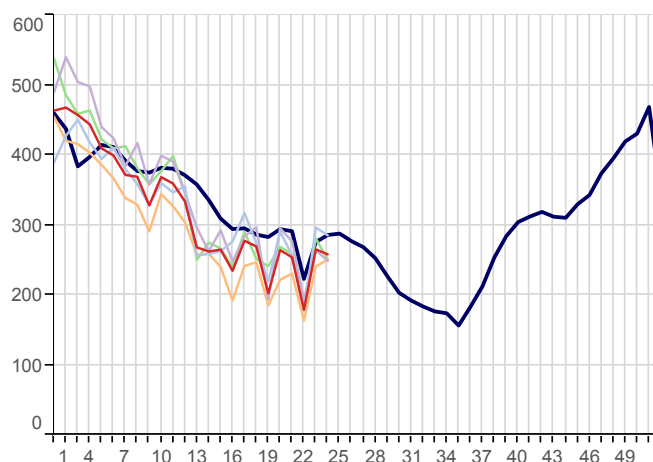
Disorders of Conjunctiva (ICD10: H10-H13)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



Hayfever/Allergic Rhinitis (ICD10: J30)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



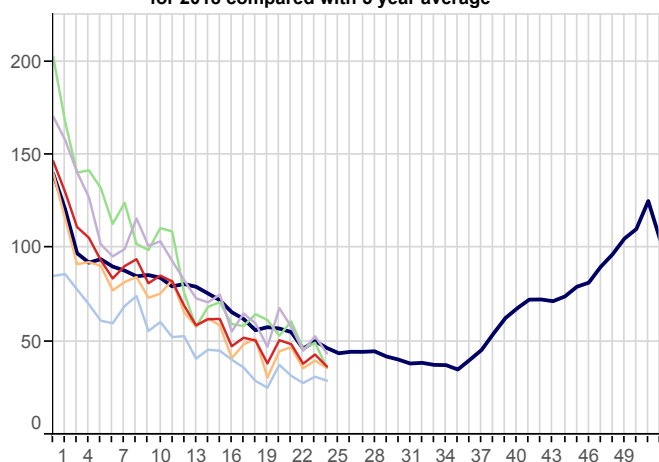
Symptoms involving Respiratory & Chest (ICD10: R05-R07,R09)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



3. Respiratory Infections:

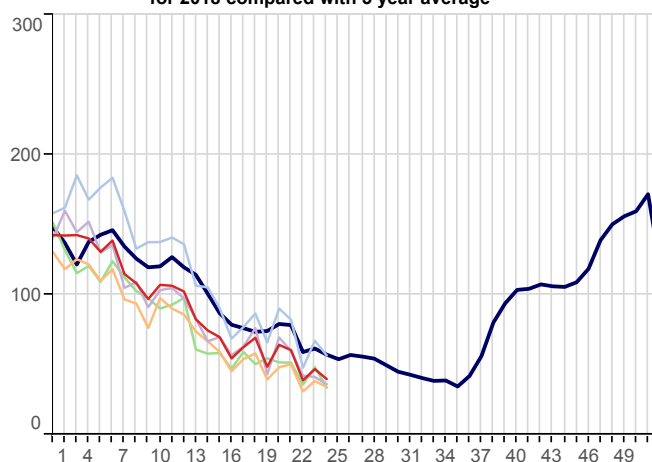
■ 5yr Avg ■ National ■ London ■ North

Acute Bronchitis (ICD10: J20-J21,J40)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average

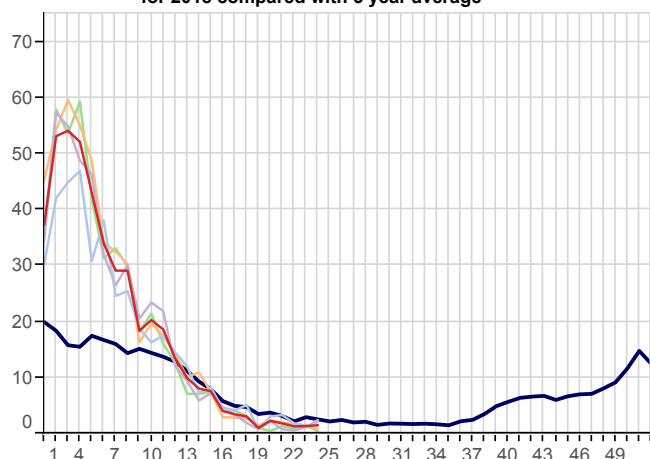


■ South ■ Midlands And East

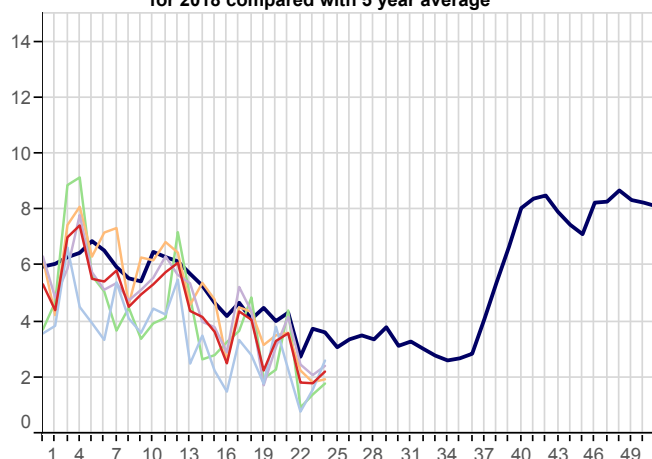
Common Cold (ICD10: J00,J06)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



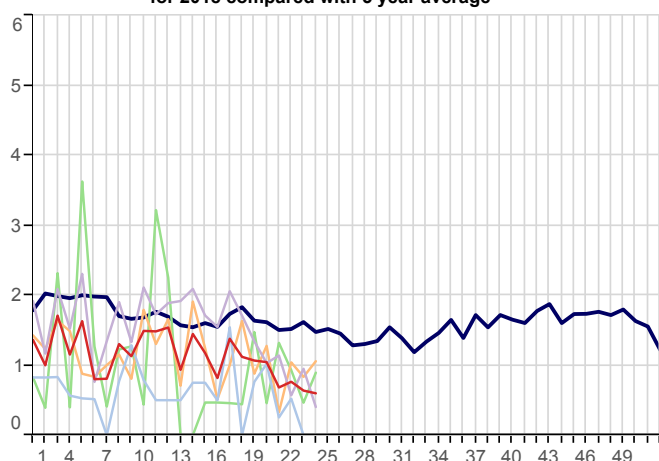
Influenza-Like Illness (ICD10: J09-J11)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



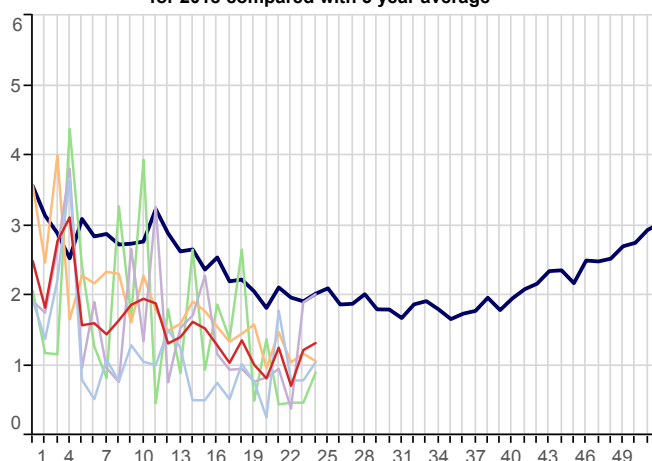
Acute Laryngitis/Tracheitis (ICD10: J04)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



Pleurisy (ICD10: R091)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



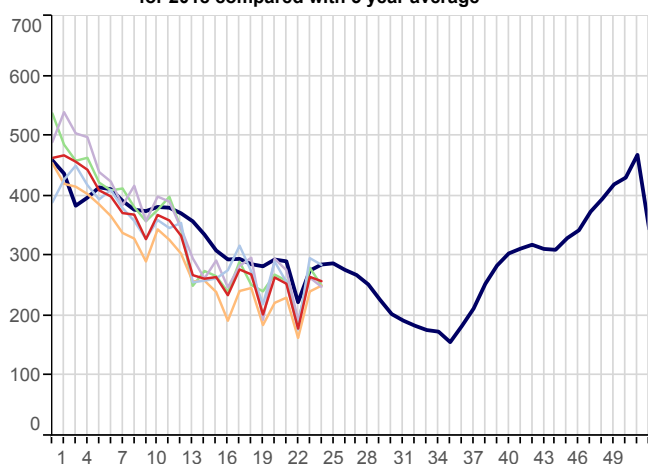
Pneumonia/Pneumonitis (ICD10: J12-J18)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



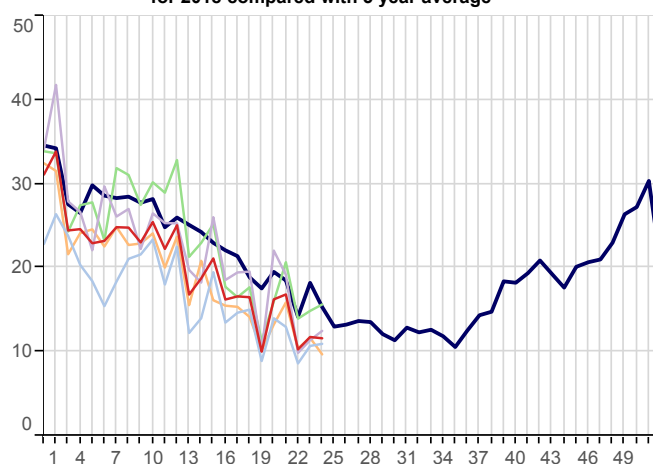
3. Respiratory Infections(Continued):

5yr Avg National London North South Midlands And East

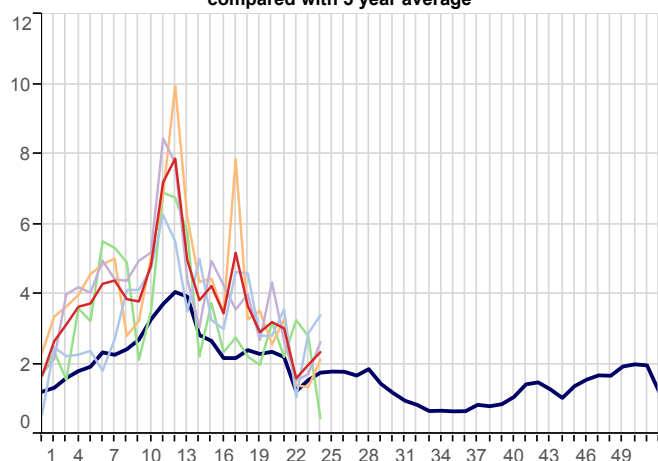
Respiratory System Diseases (ICD10: J00-J99)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



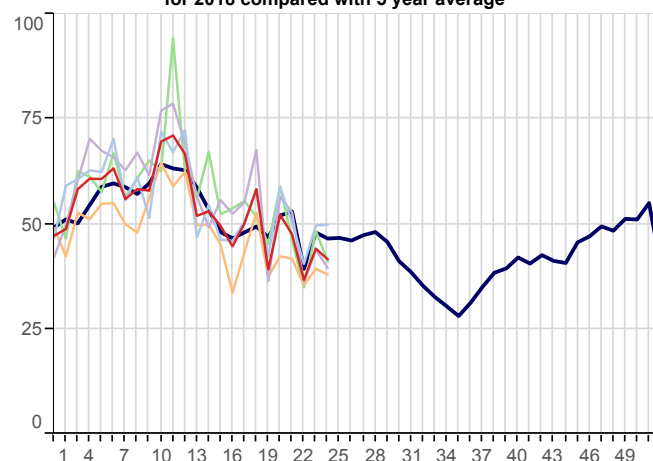
Acute Sinusitis (ICD10: J01)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



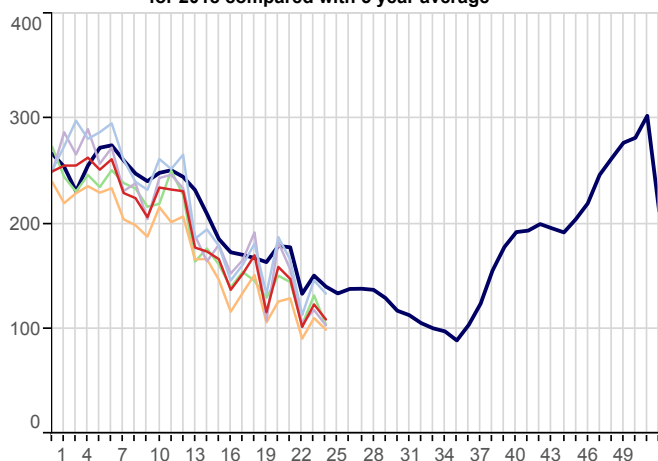
Strep Sore Throat, Scarletina and Peritonsillar Abscess (ICD10: A38,J02,J36)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2018
compared with 5 year average



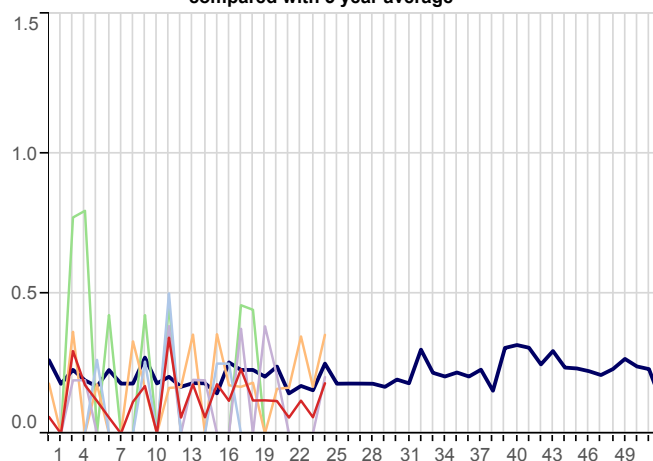
Acute Tonsillitis/Pharyngitis (ICD10: J02-J03)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI)(ICD10: J00-J06)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



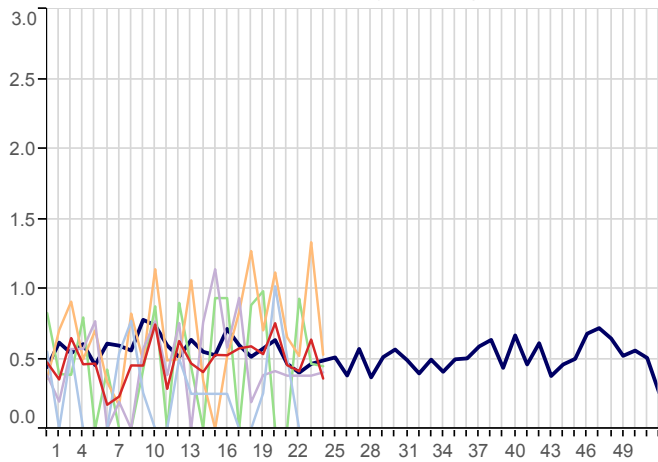
Whooping Cough (ICD10: A37)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region by region for 2018
compared with 5 year average



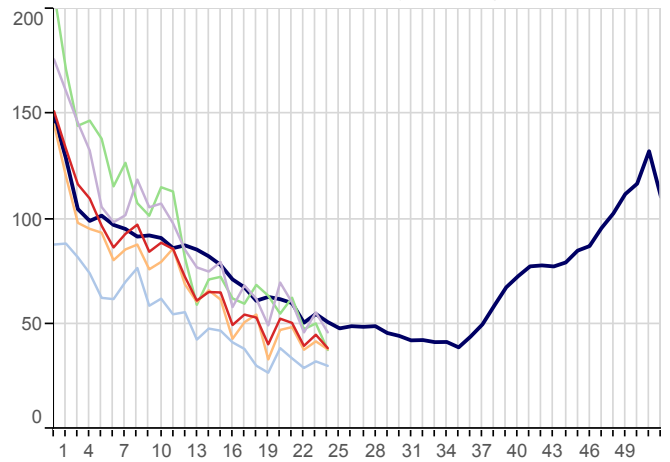
3. Respiratory Infections(Continued):

5yr Avg National London North

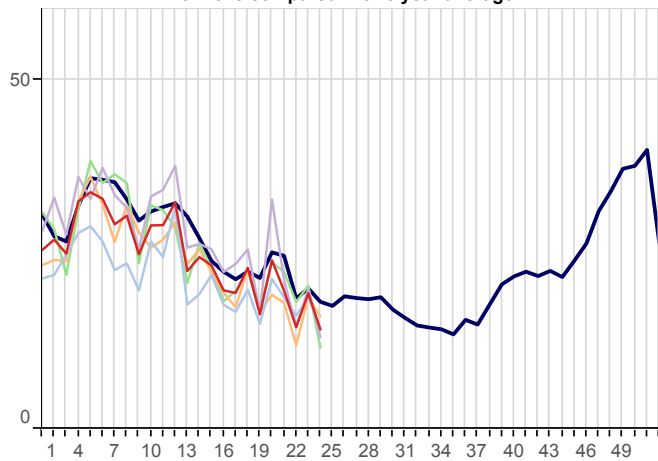
Infectious Mononucleosis (ICD10: B27)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



Lower Respiratory Tract Infections (LRTI)(ICD10: J20-J22)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



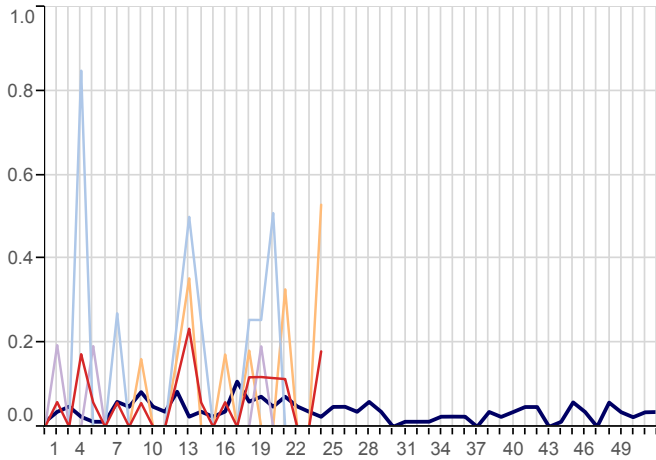
Acute Otitis Media (ICD10: H650-H651,H660,H669)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



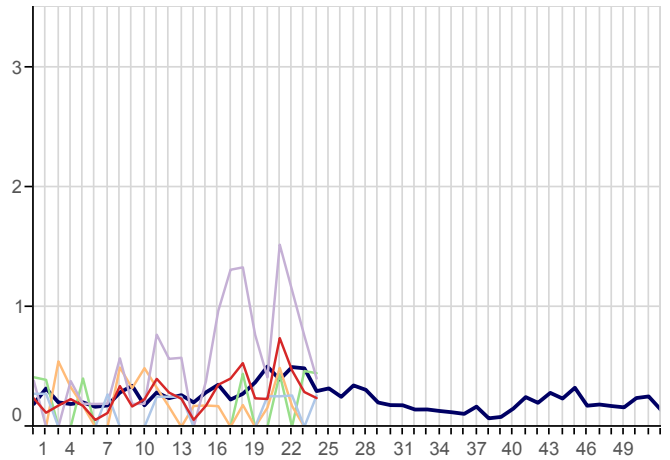
4. Vaccine Sensitive Disorders

5yr Avg National London North South Midlands And East

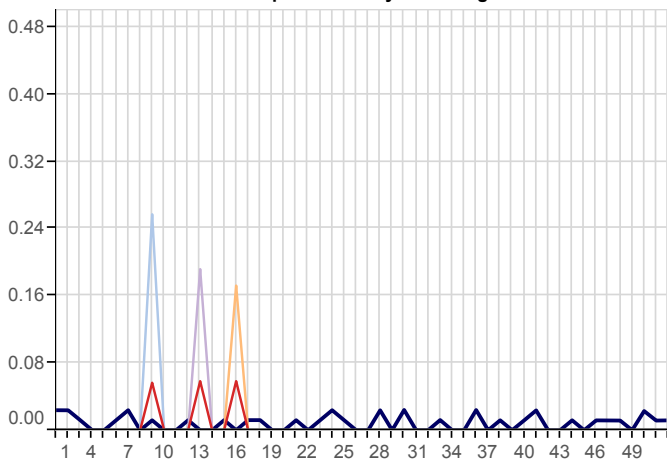
Measles (ICD10: B05)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



Mumps (ICD10: B26)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average

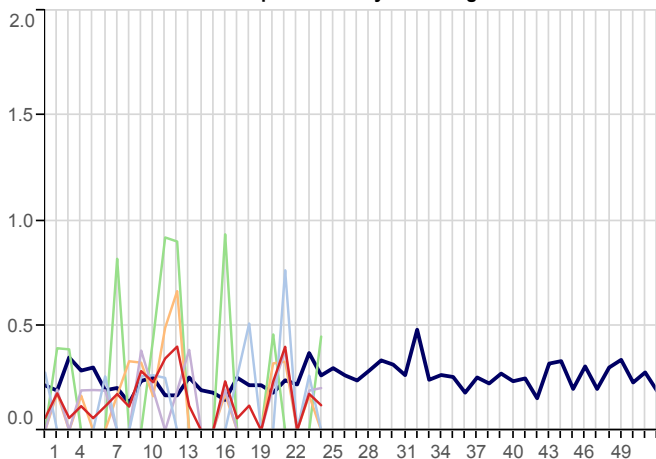


Rubella (ICD10: B06)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average

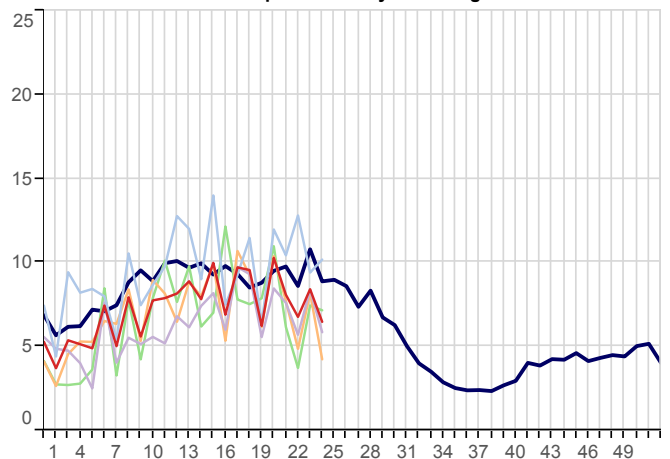


5. Skin Contagions

Bullous Dermatoses (ICD10: L10-L14)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



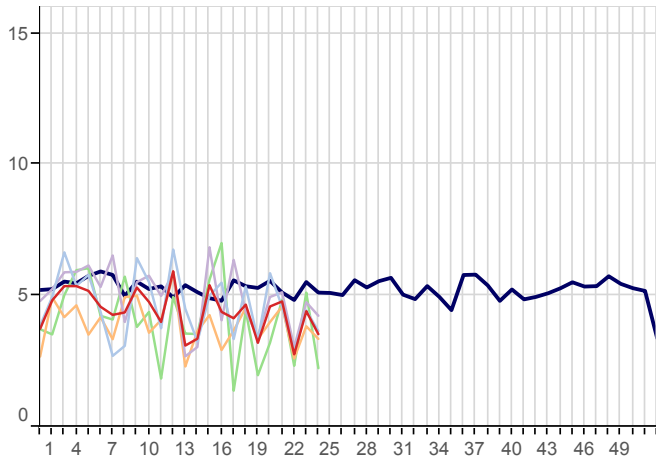
Chickenpox (ICD10: B01)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



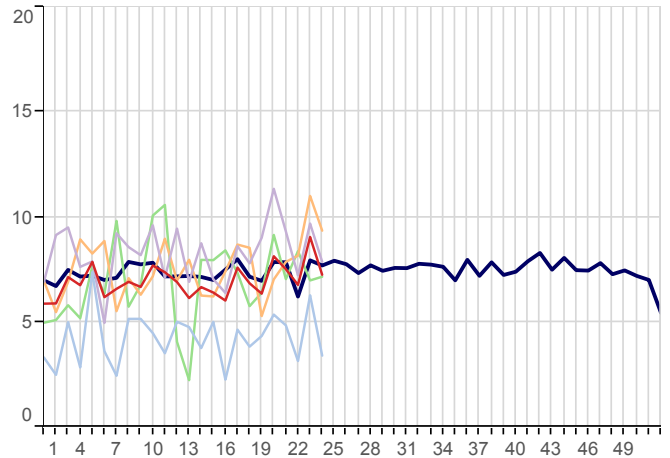
5. Skin Contagions (Continued)

5yr Avg National London North South Midlands And East

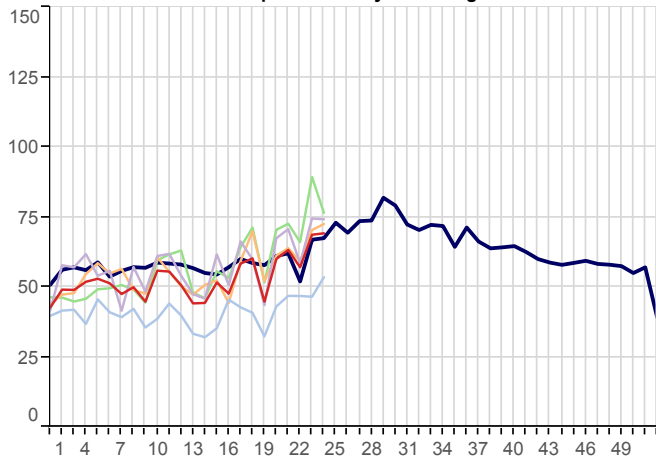
Herpes Simplex (ICD10: B00)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



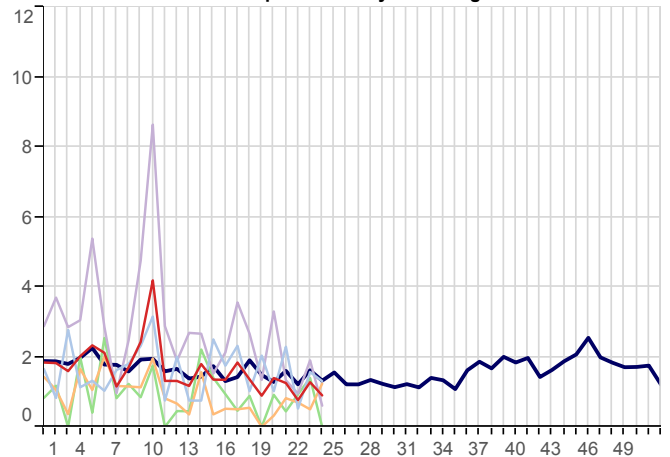
Herpes Zoster (ICD10: B02)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



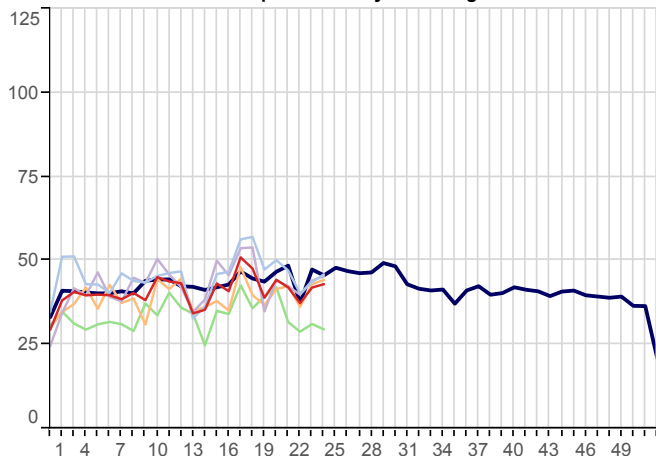
Infections of Skin & Subcutaneous Tissue (ICD10: L00-L08)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



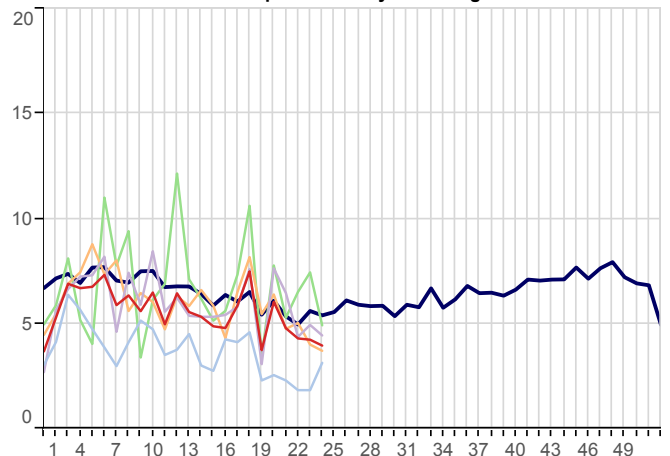
Scabies (ICD10: B86)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



Symptoms involving Skin & Oth Integument Tiss (ICD10: R20-R23)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



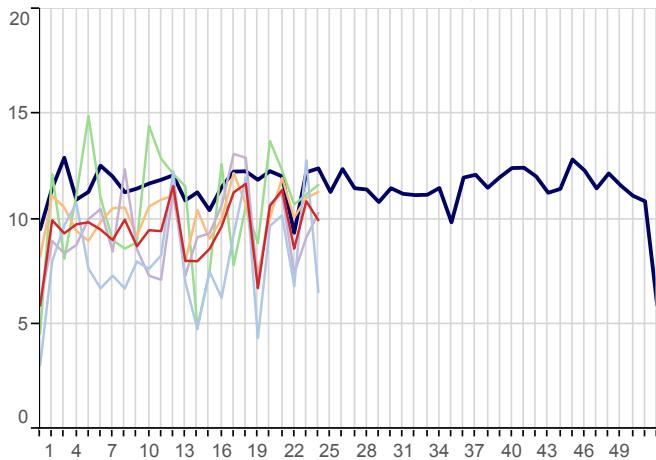
Impetigo (ICD10: L01)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



6. Disorders Affecting the Nervous System

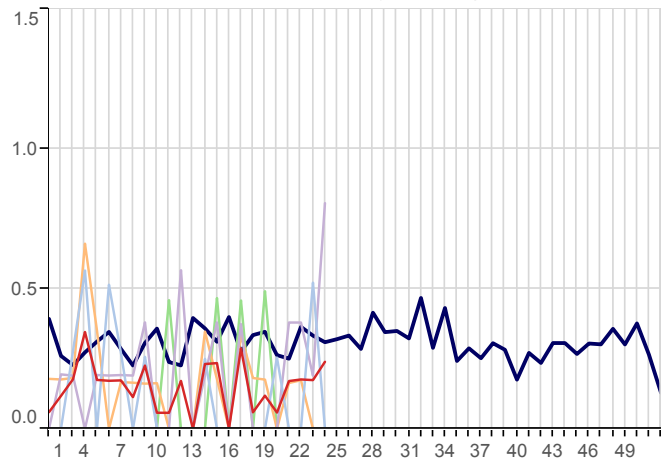
5yr Avg National London North

Disorders of The Peripheral Nervous System (ICD10: G50-G64,G70-G72)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average

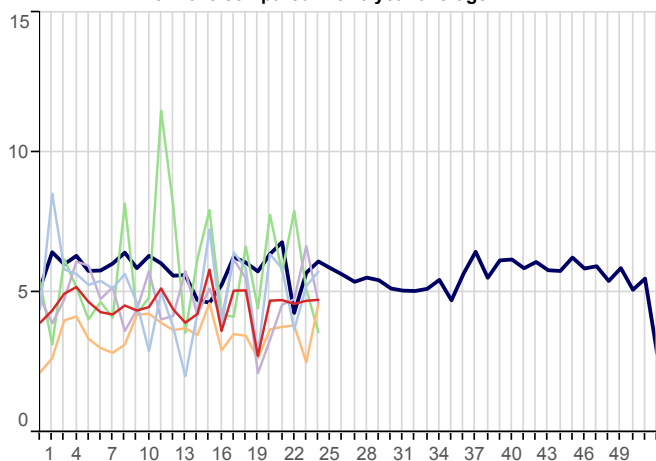


South Midlands And East

Meningitis/Encephalitis (ICD10: A170-A171,A390,A38-A85,A87,G00-G05)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average

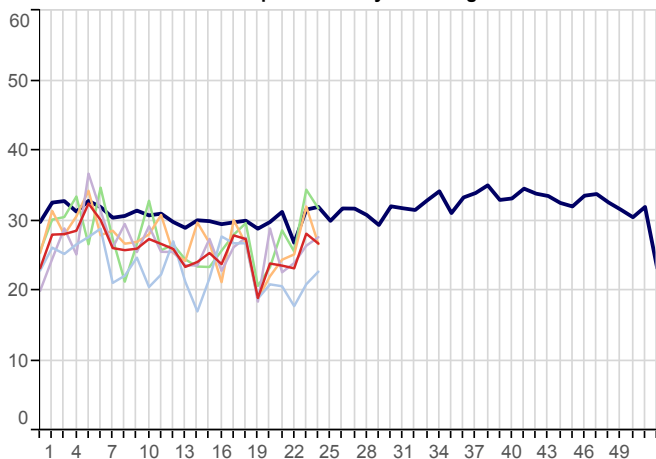


Symptoms Involving Nervous & Musculoskeletal (ICD10: R25-R29)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



7. Genitourinary System Disorders

Urinary Tract Infection/Cystitis (ICD10: N30,N390)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region
for 2018 compared with 5 year average



8. Tabular Summary by Disease

Disease Name	Week beginning Week ending	11/06/2018 17/06/2018		04/06/2018 10/06/2018		28/05/2018 03/06/2018		21/05/2018 27/05/2018	
		Rate	Numer	Rate	Numer	Rate	Numer	Rate	Numer
Acute Bronchitis		36.5	610	43.0	741	38.0	647	48.5	853
Allergic Rhinitis		86.2	1,440	76.7	1,323	19.8	337	29.5	518
Asthma		12.2	203	12.3	213	8.9	152	14.0	246
Bullous Dermatoses		0.1	2	0.2	3	0.0	0	0.4	7
Chickenpox		6.5	108	8.4	145	6.8	115	8.1	142
Common Cold		39.7	664	46.8	808	38.8	660	60.4	1,062
Conjunctival Disorders		28.6	478	28.5	492	17.2	292	24.8	436
Herpes Simplex		3.5	59	4.4	76	2.8	47	4.8	84
Herpes Zoster		7.2	121	9.0	156	6.8	115	7.5	132
Impetigo		4.0	66	4.2	73	4.3	73	4.8	84
Infectious Mononucleosis		0.4	6	0.6	11	0.4	7	0.5	8
Influenza-like illness		1.5	25	1.3	23	1.3	22	1.8	32
Infectious Intestinal Diseases		8.8	147	9.3	161	8.9	151	9.2	162
Laryngitis and Tracheitis		2.2	37	1.8	31	1.8	31	3.6	63
Lower Respiratory Tract Infections		38.4	642	44.8	773	39.5	672	50.4	887
Measles		0.2	3	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.1	2
Meningitis and Encephalitis		0.2	4	0.2	3	0.2	3	0.2	3
Mumps		0.2	4	0.3	5	0.5	8	0.7	13
Non-infective Enteritis and Colitis		7.0	117	9.1	157	8.0	136	10.1	178
Otitis Media Acute		14.2	237	19.4	334	14.5	247	19.7	347
Peripheral Nervous Disease		9.9	166	10.8	187	8.6	146	11.4	200
Pleurisy		0.6	10	0.6	11	0.8	13	0.7	12
Pneumonia and Pneumonitis		1.3	22	1.2	21	0.7	12	1.3	22
Respiratory System Diseases		257.8	4,307	265.0	4,572	178.7	3,040	253.6	4,459
Rubella		0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0
Scabies		0.9	15	1.3	22	0.8	13	1.3	22
Sinusitis		11.6	194	11.8	203	10.3	175	16.8	296
Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Infections		69.1	1,155	68.6	1,184	57.0	970	63.2	1,111
Strep Throat and Peritonsillar Abscess		2.3	39	2.0	34	1.6	27	3.0	53
Symptoms involving musculoskeletal		4.7	79	4.7	81	4.6	78	4.7	83
Symptoms involving Respiratory and Chest		17.9	299	15.8	272	15.3	260	18.5	325
Symptoms involving Skin and Integument Tissues		43.0	718	42.0	724	37.3	635	42.0	739
Tonsillitis and acute Pharyngitis		41.5	694	44.1	761	36.7	624	47.5	836
Upper Respiratory Tract Infections		108.6	1,815	123.0	2,122	101.6	1,728	147.3	2,590
Urinary Tract Infections		26.7	446	28.1	485	23.2	394	23.5	414
Viral Hepatitis		0.1	1	0.4	7	0.1	2	0.4	7
Whooping Cough		0.2	3	0.1	1	0.1	2	0.1	1
Practice Count		160		165		165		167	
Denom		1,670,675		1,725,208		1,701,462		1,758,438	

FURTHER INFORMATION:

About the report

Summer focus

The first two pages of data within this report focus on the weekly incidence rates of Influenza-Like Illness, Allergic Rhinitis, Common Cold, and Infectious Intestinal Diseases.

Rate calculation

Each weekly incidence rate is presented per 100,000 population. All presentations are for males and females, and for all age groups, unless otherwise stated.

The denominator used for this report is taken from our most recent extract of data from GP practice systems, and includes all patients currently registered with eligible practices. The denominator varies week-on-week as patients register and deregister; it may also be the case that all patients from an individual practice are excluded because of problems with the data extraction from that practice in a specific week. Patients who have withheld consent for data-sharing are excluded.

In addition to the national rate, we present data for the four NHS England regions: North; Midlands and East; South; and London.

Five-year averages

Weekly rates are set against the five-year average, calculated from data for the calendar years 2013-2017. Previously we reported against a ten-year average. The change to a five-year average was made because longer-term trends in the incidence of disease have led to weekly rates for certain diseases becoming increasingly divergent from their ten-year average. The use of five-year averages lessens this effect and enables more meaningful comparison.

Threshold calculation for Influenza-Like Illness (ILI)

We are now using the Moving Epidemic Method (MEM) to calculate threshold and intensity levels for Influenza-Like Illness. MEM works by identifying seasonal epidemic peaks and then calculates thresholds and intensity levels based on the pre and post epidemic values. This allows us to report the severity of ILI against multiple thresholds, rather than a simple comparison with the five-year average as the wide variation in ILI year on year, especially during the seasonal peak, makes the average less representative.

This methodology is used by the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control to standardise reporting of influenza activity across Europe, and is also in use by Public Health England. Full details of the methodology can be found in: Vega et al. (2012) Influenza surveillance in Europe: establishing epidemic thresholds by the moving epidemic method. *Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses* 7(4), 546–558. For ease of graphical representation, the final threshold (Very High) is not included in Graph A, page 2.

About the Royal College of General Practitioners (RCGP) Research and Surveillance Centre (RSC)

What we do

The RCGP RSC was established in 1957, with the current name in use since 2009. The Centre is an internationally renowned source of information, analysis, and interpretation concerning the onset, patterns, relevance and trends over time of morbidity in primary care. The RSC is an active research and surveillance unit that collects and monitors data; its most important research is the surveillance of influenza and the monitoring of vaccine effectiveness.

The RSC data and analytics hub is housed in the Section of Clinical Medicine and Ageing at the University of Surrey.

Further information about the RSC can be found on our website:

<http://www.rcgp.org.uk/clinical-and-research/our-programmes/research-and-surveillance-centre.aspx>

Our data extraction process and information governance

Data are extracted twice weekly from practice systems by Apollo Medical Software Solutions on the RCGP's behalf. Patients who have withheld consent for data sharing are excluded from the extraction process.

Data are pseudonymised as close to source as possible. Data are held on secure servers at the RCGP data and analytics hub in the Section of Clinical Medicine and Ageing at the University of Surrey. Both Apollo and the University of Surrey are registered and compliant with the Data Protection Act and fully compliant with all relevant NHS Digital data information governance best practice.

What the data is used for

The RCGP RSC has been providing reports weekly about health and disease, called the Weekly Returns Service (WRS) since 1964. The WRS monitors the number of patients consulting with new episodes of illness classified by diagnosis in England, and provides weekly incidence rates per 100,000 population for these new episodes of illness. It is the key primary care element of the national disease monitoring systems run by Public Health England. The bulletin can be found at the following URL:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/syndromic-surveillance-summary>

In addition to the WRS, the data is used for other research studies. Any other uses of the data for research follow ethical approval from the Health Research Authority (HRA), and, where relevant, HRA Confidential Advisory Group (CAG) advice that further approval is not needed. Full details can be found on our website:

<http://www.rcgp.org.uk/clinical-and-research/our-programmes/research-and-surveillance-centre.aspx>

For further information

For further information about the work of the RSC, or if you would like to be included on our email notification list, please contact:

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